FUNGI

24 February 2009, Bonine II

Here are some questions to help you review the material and comprehend important points. I will finish the remaining slides on Thurs 26 Feb. -KEB



Define:

chitin, saprobe, mycelium, hypha, lichen, haploid, diploid, mitosis, meiosis, spore, sex, reproduction, genetic recombination

- 1. What are the three domains of life? How long ago did Eukarya arise? When in biogeological history did the Opisthokonts last share a common ancestor?
- 2. Draw a simple, but correct, phylogenetic tree with three terminal taxa: plants, animals, and fungi.
- 3. How is absorptive nutrition different than what some other organisms do?
- 4. Unicellular fungi that are not Chytrids are called _____.
- 5. Are fungi the only decomposers on earth?
- 6. Explain how the mycorrhizae mutualism works. What does each partner gain?
- 7. Contrast EMF and AMF in the context of the above question.
- 8. What would happen to life on earth if there were no decomposers like fungi?
- 9. How does sexual reproduction differ from asexual.
- 10. Differentiate among alternation of generations, haplontic, and diplontic.
- 11. What is unique about the dikaryotic lifestage?
- 12. How do fission and budding differ?
- 13. Which fungal phylum has flagella and swimming sperm and is linked to amphibian die offs?
- 14. Which fungal phylum helps us produce lots of tasty foods like beer, bread, some cheeses and provides us a common antibiotic.
- 15. Which fungal phylum do we typically eat on pizza and in salad. Are these tasty morsels haploid, diploid, or dikaryote?

